Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

Year Ended June 30, 2013

Prepared by The Port of Newport Finance Department This page is intentionally left blank.

JUNE 30, 2013

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

Name	Term Expires
JoAnn Barton, President 241 SW 12 th Street Newport, Oregon 97365	June 30, 2015
David Jincks, Vice President PO Box 1434 Newport, Oregon 97365	June 30, 2017
Don Mathews, Treasurer 345 SW Bay Boulevard Newport, Oregon 97365	June 30, 2013
Walter Chuck, Secretary 166 NE 71 st Street Newport, Oregon 97365	June 30, 2015
Dean Fleck, Assistant Secretary/Treasurer 880 SE Bay Boulevard Newport, Oregon 97365	June 30, 2015

PORT ADMINISTRATION

Don Mann Pat Albaugh General Manager Director of Finance

REGISTERED AGENT AND OFFICE

Don Mann General Manager 600 SE Bay Boulevard Newport, Oregon 97365

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



Talbot, Korvola & Warwick, LLP

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December 16, 2013

Board of Commissioners Port of Newport Newport, Oregon

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Port of Newport, Oregon (the Port), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Port's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP); this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

OPINION

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Port as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with U.S. GAAP.



Port of Newport December 16, 2013 Page 2

OTHER MATTERS

Required Supplementary Information

U.S. GAAP requires that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, as listed in the Table of Contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the Management's Discussion and Analysis in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Port's basic financial statements. The other schedules listed in the Table of Contents as Other Supplementary Information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The Other Supplementary Information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Other Supplementary Information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

OTHER MATTERS

Other Reporting Required by Oregon Minimum Standards

In accordance with *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, we have also issued our report dated December 16, 2013, on our consideration of the Port's compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

TALBOT, KORVOLA & WARWICK, LLP

Certified Public Accountants

Bv

Robert G. Moody, Jr., Partner

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2013

This discussion and analysis presents the highlights of financial activities and financial position for the Port of Newport, Oregon (the Port) for the year ended June 30, 2013. It has been prepared by management and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes. All figures in this discussion and analysis, in both text and tables, are stated in thousands unless otherwise indicated.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the Port exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year (2013) by \$51,065 (net position). Of this amount, \$3,853 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the Port's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.
- Cash and cash equivalents decreased from the prior year as funds were expended on the Newport International Terminal construction project.
- Net capital assets increased \$5,012 during the current year, primarily for construction related to the International Terminal project.
- Total revenue increased \$1,605 over fiscal year 2012 due primarily from grants used to reconstruct the Newport International Terminal.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Port's basic financial statements. The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the Port's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Port is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position presents information showing how the Port's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of when the related cash flows occur. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (i.e. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Notes to Basic Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Port's statements. The notes can be found on pages 13 through 24 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

JUNE 30, 2013

PORT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

(in thousands)

	June 30,			
		2013		2012
ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents Other assets Capital assets	\$	7,403 1,812 89,128	\$	8,238 1,145 84,116
TOTAL ASSETS		98,343		93,499
LIABILITIES: Current liabilities Long-term liabilities		2,063 45,215		2,407 41,999
TOTAL LIABILITIES		47,278		44,406
Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt Net position restricted Net position unrestricted		43,436 3,776 3,853		44,026 3,266 1,801
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	51,065	\$	49,093

By far the largest portion of the Port's net position (85%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, dock infrastructure, marina, recreational vehicle park, construction in progress, etc.) less related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The Port uses these capital assets to provide services to facility patrons; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Port's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Total net position increased during the fiscal year. Significant grants have been received to renovate the Newport International Terminal and a Port tenant paid to expand their leased building by 20,000 square feet.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

JUNE 30, 2013

PORT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

(in thousands)

	Year Ended June 30,			
	2013			2012
REVENUES:				
Operating revenue from services	\$	5,268	\$	5,132
Nonoperating revenue:		4 050		<u></u>
Grants		1,253		62
Property taxes		884		567
Interest		18		54
Gain (loss) on sale of equipment		(2)		1
TOTAL REVENUE		7,421		5,816
EXPENSES:				
Operating expenses		5,007		4,556
Other		1,458		1,521
TOTAL EXPENSES		6,465		6,077
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue Over				
Expenses Before Contribution		956		(261)
Capital contribution		1,016		
Change in Net Position		1,972		(261)
Net position, beginning of year		49,093		49,354
Net position, end of year	\$	51,065	\$	49,093

The Port recognized an increase in net position during the most recent fiscal year of \$1,972. Operating revenues from moorages, leases, RV Park operations, launch ramp, and other services all increased compared to the prior fiscal year. Hoist dock revenue decreased 4% compared to the prior fiscal year. Property taxes increased to cover the first full year of debt service on General Obligation Bonds issued in 2007, 2008, and 2011 approved by voters to reconstruct the Newport International Terminal. The \$1,016 capital contribution is a result of the building addition paid for by Port's tenant, Oregon Brewing Company for their use during their lease term. Operating expenses increased as a result of increased operational services and projects.

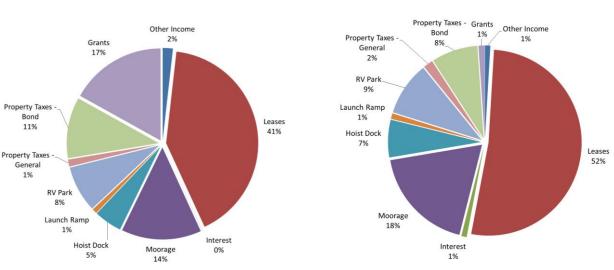
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

JUNE 30, 2013

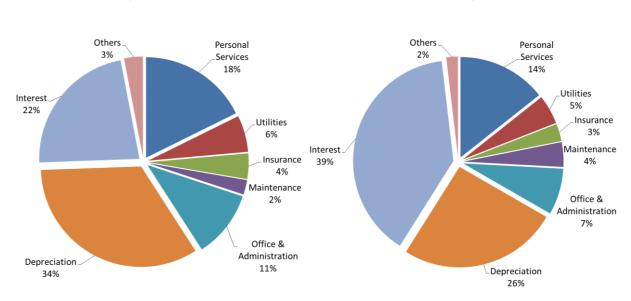
PORT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2013 Revenues

The following charts illustrate the sources of the Port's revenue and the relation of each source to total revenue.



The following charts illustrate the Port's expenses.



2013 Expenses

2012 Revenues

2012 Expenses

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

<u>JUNE 30, 2013</u>

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE PORT'S FUNDS

The Port operates as a special-purpose entity, reporting all of its activities as a single enterprise function. The Port accounts for various activities in separate funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The Port rolls all of its individual funds together for a single presentation in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, as well as the Statement of Cash Flows for Port-wide presentation.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

A review of the Port's General Operating Fund indicates total revenues were 84% of budgeted projections and total expenses were 84% of budgeted levels.

One supplemental budget was passed by the Port's Board of Commissioners during the 2013 fiscal year to align budget appropriations with anticipated spending levels for the year.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The following table lists the Port's capital assets and their values, net of depreciation, as of June 30.

	June 30,			
	2013		2012	
Land	\$	20,222	\$	20,222
Construction in progress		27,499		22,169
Land improvements		10,883		11,160
Buildings and docks		30,127		30,137
Equipment		397		428
Total	\$	89,128	\$	84,116

As shown in the table above, the Port's net capital assets increased by \$5,012 during the year ended June 30, 2013.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

<u>JUNE 30, 2013</u>

CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Current year additions include \$6,030 spent on the Newport International Terminal project. The Terminal is expected to be completed in the next fiscal year.

For further information relating to the Port's capital assets, see Note 3 of the Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

DEBT OUTSTANDING

Figures presented in the following table illustrate balances outstanding at June 30, 2013 and 2012.

	2013		2012	
General obligation bonds	\$	\$ 14,340		14,605
Revenue bond		23,330		24,095
Full faith & credit obligations	3,410			-
State of Oregon loans	4,943			4,289
Flex lease loans		-		15
Bank loans		539		602
Capital leases		25		13
Total	\$	46,587	\$	43,619

Full faith and credit obligations of \$3,410 were issued to pay off two State of Oregon loans of \$2,523 at a lower interest rate and provide \$890 additional resources for the International Terminal project. An additional \$3,400 State of Oregon loans were taken out for the International Terminal reconstruction. Reductions in debt year to year represent scheduled principal payments.

For further information relating to the Port's debt, see Note 3 of the Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The Port is implementing their new Strategic Business Plan and Capital Facilities Plan. There will be additional funding dedicated to the Facilities Maintenance Reserve Fund; more consideration given to the replacement and repair of old equipment and assets; a close look at future workforce requirements; and continued expansion of a new computerized maintenance program that will assist management staff in managing assets and also allow for more efficient financial planning. This program is already in use at the NOAA MOC-P facility, the Terminal facility maintenance program has been initiated, and other Port enterprises will be phased in throughout the next fiscal year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

<u>JUNE 30, 2013</u>

ECONOMIC FACTORS (Continued)

The Port's traditional revenue sources from leases, moorage, and RV Parks remain the largest percentage of revenues. No increases in recreational and commercial moorage fees are planned in the coming year although the Commission is expected to review all rates and fees. Two fee increases are planned. The \$5.00 annual parking fee is expected to increase to \$20.00 to help offset the annual parking district fee imposed by the City of Newport. A \$5.00 per pallet fee will be implemented to offset the costs of providing pallets to commercial fishing customers.

The Newport International Terminal project will continue until dredging can be completed in the 2013-14 in-water work period. The Port is currently working to create a log importing and exporting facility. Permitting and construction for log exports is expected to be complete in fiscal year 2013-14. Since the Terminal project is not complete, the 2013-14 budget does not include shipping revenues. The Port will continue to work with multiple organizations to bring commercial shipping activity to Newport.

The Port will realize \$220 in revenue from the NOAA MOC-P operations including a \$70 energy tax credit earned from the facility construction. \$25 will be transferred to the General Operating Fund and \$195 to the Facilities Maintenance Fund. This will leave an estimated \$310 to meet needed future facility maintenance and unforeseen or emergency occurrences.

The Port will investigate the development of a vacant lot (approximately 4 acres) directly south of the NOAA MOC-P facility for the continued growth of the marine research and technology industry. There is active interest from several groups and agencies for facilities that can be used for office space, lab space, conference space, and storage.

FINANCIAL CONTACT

The Port's financial statements are designed to present district taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Port's finances and to demonstrate the Port's accountability. If you have questions about the report or need additional financial information, please contact the Port's Director of Finance at 600 SE Bay Boulevard, Newport, Oregon 97365.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2013

ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,337,633
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	5,065,515
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts	756,365
Property taxes receivable	75,606
Prepaid expenses	109,541
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	8,344,660
TOTAL CORRENT ASSETS	 0,044,000
LONG-TERM ASSETS:	
Capital assets, net of depreciation	89,128,397
Bond issue costs, net of amortization	870,116
TOTAL LONG-TERM ASSETS	
	 89,998,513
TOTAL ASSETS	 98,343,173
LIABILITIES	
CURRENT LIABILITIES:	
Accounts payable	42,473
Accounts payable from restricted assets	15,921
Accrued expenses	87,154
Accrued interest payable	90,347
Accrued interest payable from restricted assets	509,285
Unearned revenue	76,102
Current portion of loans and capital leases payable	177,258
Current portion of bonds payable	1,065,000
	 1,000,000
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	 2,063,540
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES:	
Loans and capital leases payable	5,329,744
Bonds payable	39,884,863
TOTAL LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	45,214,607
TOTAL LONG-TERMI LIABILITIES	 43,214,007
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 47,278,147
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	43,435,642
Restricted for:	+0,+00,042
Debt service	3,547,133
Maintenance reserve	229,066
Unrestricted	3,853,185
	 5,055,105
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 51,065,026

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

OPERATING REVENUES:	ATING REVEN	UES:
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Moorages and leases R.V. Park Terminals Hoist dock Launch ramp Other	\$ 4,100,325 602,845 5,427 363,168 63,827 132,662
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	 5,268,254
OPERATING EXPENSES: Salaries and wages Payroll taxes and fringe benefits Administration, promotion and marketing Maintenance Utilities Legal, audit and accounting Insurance Service fees Office Supplies Commercial shipping expenses Operating fees Other Depreciation	 819,400 325,097 62,044 151,611 380,504 122,621 265,513 317,718 61,613 97,143 1,578 36,953 195,495 2,170,102
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	 5,007,392
OPERATING INCOME	 260,862
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): Property taxes levied for: General purposes General obligation bonds Grants Interest earned Loss on sale of equipment Interest expense Amortization	91,927 792,427 1,253,173 17,714 (2,448) (1,396,466) (60,440)
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	 695,887
INCOME BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS	956,749
Capital contribution	 1,015,531
INCREASE IN NET POSITION	1,972,280
NET POSITION, July 1, 2012	 49,092,746
NET POSITION, June 30, 2013	\$ 51,065,026

See notes to basic financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Cash received from customers	\$	4,497,800
Cash paid to suppliers		(2,015,439)
Cash paid to employees Other		(1,144,819) 132,662
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		1,470,204
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Noncapital grants received		39,502
Property taxes collected		96,465
NET CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		135,967
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Capital grants received		1,213,671
Acquisition and construction of capital assets Property taxes collected for payment of debt		(5,429,651) 788,979
Proceeds from borrowing		6,810,000
Premium on proceeds from borrowing		135,466
Payment of bonds, loans and capital leases payable principal Interest paid on bonds, loans and capital leases payable		(3,866,748) (2,113,084)
Proceeds from sale of assets held for sale		3,000
NET CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(2,458,367)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Interest received		17,714
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(834,482)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, July 1, 2012		8,237,630
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, June 30, 2013	\$	7,403,148
RECONCILIATION TO AMOUNTS SHOWN ON THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION: Unrestricted	\$	2,337,633
Restricted	Ψ	5,065,515
	\$	7,403,148
RECONCILIATION OF INCOME FROM OPERATIONS TO NET CASH FLOWS		
FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Income from operations	\$	260,862
Adjustments to reconcile income from operations to net cash from operating activities:		
Depreciation		2,170,102
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable		(713,894)
Prepaid expenses Accounts payable		(4,569) (318,077)
Accrued expenses		(310,077)
Unearned revenue		76,102
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	1,470,204
NONCASH CAPITAL ACTIVITY:		
Equipment acquired through capital lease	\$	24,767
Contribution of capital assets		1,015,531

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Port is organized under the general laws of the State of Oregon. The governing body is a fivemember elected Board of Commissioners (the Board). The daily management of the Port is under the supervision of the General Manager, who is appointed by the Board. The Port is the level of government financially accountable for all Port operations within its boundaries. As a result, all related activities have been included in the financial statements. There are various governmental agencies and special service districts that provide services within the Port's boundaries; however, the Port is not financially accountable for any of these entities, and accordingly their financial information is not included in these financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Presentation and Accounting

For financial reporting purposes, the Port reports its operations on an enterprise fund basis. Enterprise funds (a proprietary fund type) are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. This measurement focus provides that all assets and liabilities associated with operations are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Port's net position is segregated into net position invested in capital assets, restricted net position and unrestricted net position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net position.

The Port's financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded at the time they are earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. The financial statements of the Port have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government units. The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental and financial reporting principles.

Operating and Non-operating Revenues and Expenses

The Port distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with ongoing operations, primarily relating to moorages, leases, the R.V. Park, the hoist dock and the launch ramp.

Operating expenses include the cost of services and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as non-operating revenue and expenses. This includes property taxes, investment interest, gain (loss) on sale of capital assets, non-operating grant revenue and amortization costs.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)</u>

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Receivables

Terminal, marina and lease receivables are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. The allowance is judgmentally determined by management based on a collectability analysis.

Property taxes are levied and become a lien on all taxable property as of July 1. Property taxes are payable on November 15, February 15, and May 15. Discounts are allowed if the amount due is received by November 15 or February 15. Taxes unpaid and outstanding on May 16 are considered delinquent. Property taxes receivable are deemed to be substantially collectible or recoverable through liens; therefore, no allowance for uncollectible taxes has been established.

Restricted Assets and Related Liabilities

Assets whose use is restricted for construction related to the marine terminal redevelopment project, the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) Marine Operations Center – Pacific (MOC-P) project, the facilities maintenance reserve and the payment of bonded debt service, as well as all related liabilities are segregated on the Statement of Net Position.

Where both restricted and unrestricted resources are available it is the Port's policy to expend restricted resources first, then unrestricted as necessary.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost (or estimated historical cost) including capitalized interest, or fair value at the time of donation. The Port defines capital assets as assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated life in excess of one year. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Estimated useful lives for land improvements (marina and R.V. park) are 10 to 20 years, buildings – 25 to 40 years, docks – 20 to 40 years, and equipment from 5 to 10 years. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are expensed in the year incurred.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Net Position

During the year ended June 30, 2013, the Port implemented GASB Statement No. 63 *Financial Reporting of deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position.* This statement provides guidance for reporting deferred outflows or resources, deferred inflows of resources, and net position in accordance with Concepts Statement No. 4 *Elements of Financial Statements.* Net Position represents the difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources in the Port's financial statements.

Net position is divided into three components:

Net investment in capital assets – consists of the historical cost of capital assets less accumulated depreciation and less any debt that remains outstanding that was used to finance those assets plus deferred outflows of resources less deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.

Restricted net position – consists of assets that are restricted by the Port's creditors, by enabling legislation, by grantors, and other contributors.

Unrestricted – all other net position is reported in this category.

Bond Issuance Costs

Bond issuance costs are amortized using the straight-line method over the terms of the related obligations, ranging from 1 year to 30 years.

Compensated Absences

Employees are permitted to accumulate earned but unused vacation and related employee benefits. Vacation and holiday pay are recognized as expense when earned. Compensated absences are reported with accrued expenses in the Statement of Net Position.

Long-Term Liabilities

General obligation bonds are payable from property taxes. All other long-term obligations are payable from operations.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budget Information

Oregon Local Budget Law requires the Port to prepare and adopt a budget by individual fund prior to July 1 of each year. The resolution authorizing appropriations, adopted in the categories of materials and services, debt service, capital outlay, contingency and transfers for each fund, sets the level by which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Budget Information (Continued)

Unexpected additional resources may be added to the original budget through the use of a supplemental budget and appropriation resolution. A supplemental budget, greater than 10% of the fund's original budget, requires hearings before the public, publications in newspapers and approval by the Board. Original and supplemental budgets may be modified by the use of appropriation transfers between the levels of control. Such transfers require approval by the Board. There was one supplemental budget adopted during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013.

3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACCOUNTS

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2013, were comprised of the following:

Cash on hand Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 2,125 7,401,023
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,403,148

Deposits with financial institutions are comprised of bank demand deposits and money market funds. The total bank balance per the bank statements was approximately \$7,447,000, of which approximately \$665,000 was covered by federal depository insurance. Amounts in excess of the federal depository insurance totaling approximately \$6,782,000 were held by qualified depositories for public funds included in the multiple financial institution collateral pool that is maintained by and in the name of the Office of the State Treasurer as required by Oregon Revised Statutes.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACCOUNTS (Continued)

Capital Assets

Following is a summary of the changes in capital assets:

	Balance July 1, 2012	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2013
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 20,221,521	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$ 20,221,521
Construction	22 469 072	6 000 517		(608.852)	27 400 629
in progress Total capital assets	22,168,973	6,029,517		(698,852)	27,499,638
not being depreciated	42,390,494	6,029,517	-	(698,852)	47,721,159
Capital assets being					
depreciated:	10 005 004			4 40 0 40	40,440,440
Land improvements	18,265,201	- 1,116,210	- (401,580)	148,248	18,413,449
Buildings and docks Equipment	40,373,858 811,244	36,533	(401,580) (19,169)	550,604	41,639,092 828,608
	011,211	00,000	(10,100)		020,000
Total capital assets being depreciated	59,450,303	1,152,743	(420,749)	698,852	60,881,149
Less accumulated		.,,	(120,110)		
depreciation for:					
Land improvements	(7,104,994)	(425,230)	-	-	(7,530,224)
Buildings and docks	(10,236,117)	(1,677,552)	401,580	-	(11,512,089)
Equipment	(383,447)	(67,320)	19,169		(431,598)
Total accumulated					
depreciation	(17,724,558)	(2,170,102)	420,749		(19,473,911)
Total capital assets					
being depreciated, net	41,725,745	(1,017,359)		698,852	41,407,238
Total capital assets, net	\$ 84,116,239	\$ 5,012,158	\$ -	\$-	\$ 89,128,397

During the year ended June 30, 2013, the Port continued improvements to the International Terminal as evidence in the increase to construction in progress.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACCOUNTS (Continued)

Leases - Port as Lessor

The Port, as a lessor, leases certain properties with a total approximate net capitalized cost of \$26,770,000 and annual depreciation expense of approximately \$1,380,000 under long-term operating leases. On August 7, 2009, the Port entered into a 20-year lease for a MOC-P with the United States of America, through the NOAA, expiring June 30, 2031, commonly referred to as the NOAA lease. NOAA lease revenue is pledged first to pay bond principal and interest, second to credit the reserve account to eliminate any deficiency in the required reserve and third for any other lawful Port purpose. The annual rent under this lease is approximately \$2,500,000 which is included in the schedule below.

The minimum future payments to be received under non-cancelable leases are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Amount
2014	\$ 2,980,000
2015	2,940,000
2016	2,890,000
2017	2,790,000
2018	2,730,000
Thereafter	49,070,000
Total	\$ 63,400,000

Total minimum future lease payments do not include amounts for lease payments based on the lessee's gross sales. These payments amounted to approximately \$96,000 for fiscal year 2013.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACCOUNTS (Continued)

Bonds, Loans and Capital Leases Payable

Bonds, loans and capital leases payable are as follows:

		Original Amount	Outstanding July 1, 2012		Increases		[Decreases	Outstanding une 30, 2013
General Obligation Bonds:			_	2	_				 · · · · ·
Series 2007, interest rates	_								
from 4% to 4.25%*	\$	5,000,000	\$	4,545,000	\$	-	\$	105,000	\$ 4,440,000
Series 2008, interest rates									
from 3.5% to 4.25%*		5,000,000		4,620,000		-		100,000	4,520,000
Series 2011, interest rates									
from 2% to 5.5%*		5,452,000		5,440,000		-		60,000	5,380,000
Full Faith and Credit Obligation Bond:									
Series 2013, interest at 2.45%		3,410,000		-		3,410,000		-	3,410,000
Certificate of Participation:									
Flex Lease, Series 2003F,	_								
interest rates from 1.3% to 4.6%*		121,000		15,000		-		15,000	-
State of Oregon Loans:									
Special Public Works Fund Loans,	_								
interest at 4.77% - 6.5%		9,071,047		4,167,535		3,400,000		2,714,177	4,853,358
Oregon Port Revolving Loans,									
interest at 6%		366,065		121,651		-		32,258	89,393
Oregon Coast Bank Loans:									
Loan payable, interest at 7%		315,955		154,729		-		41,580	113,149
Loan payable, interest at 6.75%		44,046		5,171		-		5,171	-
Loan payable, interest at 6%		465,811		442,423		-		16,698	425,725
Toyota Financial Service:									
Capital lease, interest at 5.55%		33,038		11,882		-		8,697	3,185
Capital lease, interest at 6.22%		25,246		592		-		592	-
Capital lease, interest at 4.75%		24,767		-		24,767		2,575	22,192
Revenue Bond:									
Series 2010, interest rate	-								
from 3% to 6.125%		24,095,000		24,095,000		-		765,000	 23,330,000
			\$	43,618,983	\$	6,834,767	\$	3,866,748	\$ 46,587,002

*Note that amounts do not represent variable interest debt, but rather stated rates related to various maturities for the respective issuances.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Dringing

3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACCOUNTS (Continued)

Bonds, Loans and Capital Leases Payable (Continued)

Future maturities are as follows:

						Principal																																			
Year Ending June 30,		General Obligation Bonds	ull Faith & dit Obligation Bond	State of egon Loans		regon Coast Bank Loans		Capital Lease																														F	Revenue Bond	 Total	 Total Interest
2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019-2023 2024-2028 2029-2033 2034-2038 2039-2043		\$ 275,000 285,000 300,000 310,000 2,235,000 2,780,000 3,475,000 2,540,000 14,340,000	 \$ 30,000 120,000 185,000 1,055,000 1,055,000 1,140,000 630,000 60,000	\$ 106,866 174,989 181,694 195,336 235,924 1,219,123 1,328,588 1,290,150 210,081 - -	4	62,620 67,019 40,538 21,456 22,798 137,195 185,843 1,405 - - - - - - - -		\$	7,772 4,831 5,076 5,320 2,378 - - - - - 2 5,377	\$	790,000 815,000 840,000 910,000 5,245,000 6,820,000 7,040,000 - - - - -	\$ 1,242,258 1,376,839 1,487,308 1,587,112 1,681,100 9,476,318 11,709,431 11,741,555 3,745,081 2,540,000 46,587,002	\$ 2,250,938 2,118,783 2,068,446 2,013,048 1,951,857 9,017,892 6,743,916 3,645,808 1,359,855 379,650 31,550,192																												
unamortized bond discount/ premium	\$ Cu	(267,199) 14,072,801 rrent portion	\$ 137,062 3,547,062	\$ 4,942,751	\$	538,874	\$		25,377	\$ 2	-	(130,137) 46,456,865 1,242,258																													
	Lor	ng-term portion										\$ 45,214,607																													

General obligation bonds, full faith and credit obligation bond, and State of Oregon loans are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the Port. The revenue bonds are secured by the NOAA lease revenue and the required reserve was fully funded with bond proceeds. The funds provided by the obligations listed above and the Oregon Coast Bank loans, were and continue to be used for the acquisition, repair and construction of capital assets.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, the Port obtained additional financing authority under a forgivable loan from the State of Oregon Business Development Department in the amount of \$400,000. The no interest loan is secured by a promissory note. The loan will be forgiven by the State upon completion of the project. The Port had also negotiated a \$3,000,000 loan awarded with a \$500,000 grant from the Oregon Infrastructure Finance Authority (IFA). Both instruments were used to fund construction of the International Terminal. At June 30, 2013, the Port had fully drawn on both loans.

On April 15, 2013, the Port issued \$3,410,000 in full faith and credit obligations, of which \$2,520,000 was used to refund two Special Public Works Fund Community Facility ("SPWFCF") loans with a total outstanding balance of \$2,624,942, resulting in an approximate \$300,000 benefit in total debt service requirement savings. The two prior loans were both used to fund the South Beach Marina RV Park development. The issuance also included \$890,000

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACCOUNTS (Continued)

Bonds, Loans and Capital Leases Payable (Continued)

of new funding deposited into the Construction Fund for improvements to the Port's International Terminal.

The Port has various capital leases for certain equipment. The balance outstanding on these leases at June 30, 2013, was \$25,377. The cost of leased equipment at year-end was \$57,081, with accumulated depreciation of \$38,123 and net book value of \$39,515.

4. OTHER INFORMATION

Pension Plan

Substantially all Port employees, after six months of employment, are participants in the State of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS). The Port's policy is to fund pension costs as determined by actuarial valuations. The Port contributes to the PERS and to the Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP). PERS is a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system. OPSRP is a hybrid retirement plan with two components: the Pension Program (defined benefit; established and maintained as a tax-qualified governmental defined benefit plan) and the Individual Account Program (defined contribution; established and maintained as a tax-qualified governmental defined contribution plan). A defined benefit plan is benefit-based and uses predictable criteria such as a pension determined by salary multiplied by length of service multiplied by a factor. A defined contribution plan has no guarantee. OPSRP is administered by PERS. PERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for political subdivisions in the State of Oregon.

The 2003 Oregon Legislature established OPSRP. Public employees hired on or after August 29, 2003, become part of OPSRP, unless membership was previously established in PERS. The 1995 Oregon Legislature established a different level of benefits for employees who began their sixmonth waiting period on or after January 1, 1996. This level is called Tier Two.

Benefits generally vest after five years of continuous service. Retirement is allowed at age fiftyeight with unreduced benefits, but retirement is generally available after age fifty-five with reduced benefits. Retirement benefits based on salary and length of service are calculated using a formula and are payable in a lump sum or monthly using several payment options. PERS also provides death and disability benefits. These benefit provisions and other requirements are established by state statutes.

The State of Oregon PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, P.O. Box 23700, Tigard, Oregon, 97281-3700 or by calling 1-888-320-7377.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

4. OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

Pension Plan (Continued)

Funding Policy

The rate of employer contributions to PERS is determined periodically by PERS based on actuarial valuations performed at least every two years. Contributions to PERS have historically been made based on the annual required contribution and were charged to expenses/expenditures as funded.

The Port's annual required contribution rate for fiscal year 2013 was 4.46% of covered employees' salaries for PERS and 4.19% for general OPSRP. The employee contribution rate is 6%.

Risk Pooling and Revised PERS Contribution Rates

The Port participates in the State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP). The SLGRP was created by legislative act of the State of Oregon and provided local governments the option to pool their PERS related assets and liabilities with others that elected to participate in the pool. Contribution rates are determined based on the overall experience of the pool versus the potentially more volatile experience of individual employers.

Annual Pension Cost

For fiscal year 2013, the Port's actual annual pension cost of approximately \$36,000 was equal to the annual required contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the actuarial valuation at December 31, 2009, using the projected unit credit cost methods. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation included: (a) rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 8%; (b) projected salary increases which include 3.75% per year in addition to salary increases due to promotions and longevity that may vary by age and service; (c) post-retirement benefit increases of 2% per year (the maximum allowable); (d) consumer price inflation of 2.75% per year; and, (e) thirty-year open amortization of the unfunded actuarial liability as a level percentage of projected annual payroll.

Beginning in 2000, the actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effect of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period. No obligation for retirees is attributed to the Port as PERS pools the risk related to retired employees among all employers. PERS assumes the obligation for benefits from the individual entity, as a whole, when benefits become payable.

The Port's annual required contributions, percentages of annual contributions to the plan, and the net pension obligation for 2013 and the two preceding years were as follows:

	Percentage of Required									
Year Ended June 30,	Required ntributions	Contributions Made		Pension igation						
2013	\$ 36,000	100 %	\$	-						
2012	41,000	100		-						
2011	43,000	100		-						

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

4. OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA)

Plan Description

As a member of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS), the Port contributes to the Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA) for each of its eligible employees. RHIA is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit plan (OPEB) administered by OPERS. RHIA pays a monthly contribution toward the cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums of eligible retirees. Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 238.420 established this trust fund. Authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of RHIA reside with the Oregon Legislature. The plan is closed to new entrants after January 1, 2004. OPERS issues a publicly available financial report that may be obtained by writing to Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, P.O. Box 23700, Tigard, Oregon 97281-3700.

Funding Policy

Because RHIA was created by enabling legislation (ORS 238.420), contribution requirements of the plan members and the participating employers were established and may be amended only by the Oregon Legislature. ORS require that an amount equal to \$60 or the total monthly cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums coverage, whichever is less, shall be paid from the RHIA established by the employer, and any monthly cost in excess of \$60 shall be paid by the eligible retired member in the manner provided in ORS 238.410. To be eligible to receive this monthly payment toward the premium cost the member must: (1) have eight years or more of qualifying service in PERS at the time of retirement or receive a disability allowance as if the member had eight years or more of creditable service in PERS, (2) receive both Medicare Parts A and B coverage, and (3) enroll in a PERS-sponsored health plan. A surviving spouse or dependent of a deceased PERS retiree who was eligible to receive the subsidy is eligible to receive the subsidy if he or she (1) is receiving a retirement benefit or allowance from PERS or (2) was insured at the time the member retired before May 1, 1991.

Participating municipal corporations are contractually required to contribute to RHIA at a rate assessed each year by OPERS, currently .59% for PERS members and .50% for OPSRP of annual covered payroll, respectively. The OPERS Board of Trustees sets the employer contribution rate based on the annual required contribution of the employers (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) of the plan over a period not to exceed thirty years. The Port's contributions to RHIA for the years ended June 30, 2011, 2012, and 2013 were paid with contributions for pension, and equaled the required contributions for each year.

5. <u>RISK MANAGEMENT</u>

The Port is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the Port carries commercial insurance. The Port does not engage in risk financing activities where the risk is retained (self-

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

5. <u>RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)</u>

insurance) by the Port. For the past three years commercial insurance coverage has been sufficient to cover any losses. The Port is exposed to environmental liabilities for which it is not insured.

6. <u>COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES</u>

The Port had commitments under various contracts for the terminal redevelopment project totaling approximately \$740,000 at June 30, 2013.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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DESCRIPTION OF BUDGETARY FUNDS

For financial reporting and operating purposes, management considers the Port's activities those of a unitary enterprise operation and, as such, those activities are reported in a single enterprise fund in the preceding section of this report. However, for budgetary and legal purposes those activities are accounted for in the funds described below. Schedules for these funds, prepared on a non-GAAP budgetary basis of accounting, are shown on the following pages.

General Operating Fund

The General Operating Fund accounts for all activities not accounted for by other funds, primarily moorage, lease, and R.V. park operations. Primary resources are moorage and rental fees.

Bonded Debt Fund

The Bonded Debt Fund accounts for the redemption of general obligation bonds and interest thereon. The primary source of revenue is property taxes.

Facilities Maintenance Fund

The Facilities Maintenance Fund accounts for reserves set aside for the repair and replacement of facilities and equipment. Primary resources have historically been transfers from the General Operating Fund.

Construction Fund

The Construction Fund accounts for expenditures relating to capital improvements, particularly rebuilding the Port's International Terminal. The primary resources are proceeds of General Obligation Bonds and grant funding.

NOAA Lease Revenue Fund

The NOAA Lease Revenue Fund accounts for expenditures relating to capital improvements for the NOAA MOC-P facility. Primary resources were initially proceeds from the Revenue Bond and grant funding. Current resources consist primarily of lease payments. This fund services the bond repayment and covers facilities maintenance costs over the term of the lease.

GENERAL OPERATING FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budget Original and Final	Actual	Variance from Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• (00 = 11)
Moorage	\$ 1,128,012	\$ 1,039,471	\$ (88,541)
Leases	539,854	524,030	(15,824)
R.V. Park	530,535	602,845	72,310
Terminals	323,596	5,427	(318,169)
Hoistdock	381,150	363,168	(17,982)
Intergovernmental	313,816	140,181	(173,635)
Launch ramp	56,000	63,827	7,827
Property taxes	80,672	91,927	11,255
Interest	3,000	2,152	(848)
Miscellaneous	82,920	59,665	(23,255)
TOTAL REVENUES	3,439,555	2,892,693	(546,862)
EXPENDITURES:			
Personal services	1,056,331	1,044,564	11,767
Materials and services	1,545,004	1,246,118	298,886
Capital outlay	337,443	109,947	227,496
Debt service	503,234	3,152,330	(2,649,096)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	3,442,012	5,552,959	(2,110,947)
EXPENDITURES OVER REVENUES	(2,457)	(2,660,266)	(2,657,809)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating transfers in Proceeds from sale of assets Refunding bond proceeds Operating transfers out	150,000 - - (125,000)	25,000 3,000 2,655,466	(125,000) 3,000 2,655,466 125,000
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	25,000	2,683,466	2,658,466
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES OVER REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	22,543	23,200	657
FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2012	6,730	382,434	375,704
FUND BALANCE, June 30, 2013	<u>\$ 29,273</u>	\$ 405,634	<u>\$ 376,361</u>

BONDED DEBT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

REVENUES:	 Budget Original and Final	 Actual	Variance from Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Property taxes	\$ 822,320	\$ 792,427	\$	(29,893)	
Interest	 2,000	 649		(1,351)	
TOTAL REVENUES	 824,320	 793,076		(31,244)	
EXPENDITURES:					
Debt service	 917,523	 917,523		-	
EXPENDITURES OVER REVENUES	(93,203)	(124,447)		(31,244)	
FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2012	 93,203	 661,795		568,592	
FUND BALANCE, June 30, 2013	\$ -	\$ 537,348	\$	537,348	

FACILITIES MAINTENANCE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAI

	Budget Original Final					Actual		iance from al Budget Positive Jegative)
REVENUES: Interest	\$	20	\$	20	\$	58	\$	38
EXPENDITURES: Materials and services		147,305		217,305		51,060		166,245
EXPENDITURES OVER REVENUES		(147,285)		(217,285)		(51,002)		166,283
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in		125,000		195,000		125,000		(70,000)
REVENUE AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES		(22,285)		(22,285)		73,998		96,283
FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2012		22,285		22,285		22,293		8
FUND BALANCE, June 30, 2013	\$	-	\$	-	\$	96,291	\$	96,291

CONSTRUCTION FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Budget Original Final					Actual	F	ariance from inal Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:								
Interest	\$	4,000	\$	4,000	\$	2,446	\$	(1,554)
Intergovernmental		500,000		500,000		1,112,992		612,992
Miscellaneous		-				4,120		4,120
TOTAL REVENUES		504,000		504,000		1,119,558		615,558
EXPENDITURES:								
Capital outlay*		4,378,852		5,278,852		5,307,937		(29,085)
EXPENDITURES OVER REVENUES		(2.074.050)		(4 774 050)		(4 400 070)		F0C 470
EXPENDITORES OVER REVENUES		(3,874,852)		(4,774,852)		(4,188,379)		586,473
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Proceeds of borrowing		3,400,000		4,300,000		4,290,000		(10,000)
REVENUE AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER								
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES		(474,852)		(474,852)		101,621		576,473
		474.050		474.050		4 4 4 0 5 4 0		005 007
FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2012		474,852		474,852		1,110,549		635,697
FUND BALANCE, June 30, 2013	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,212,170	\$	1,212,170

* Based on nature of the fund all expenditures are considered capital outlay.

NOAA LEASE REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAI

	 Bu	dget	Final	Actual	F	ariance from inal Budget Positive Negative)
	 Oliginal		Filldi	 Actual		(Negalive)
REVENUES: Leases Interest Miscellaneous	\$ 2,532,875 12,000 -	\$	2,532,875 12,000 70,000	\$ 2,536,824 12,439 68,877	\$	3,949 439 (1,123)
TOTAL REVENUES	2,544,875		2,614,875	2,618,140		3,265
EXPENDITURES: Personal services Materials and services Capital outlay Debt service	 100,346 250,831 44,939 1,998,759		100,346 400,831 44,939 1,998,759	 99,933 305,019 11,767 1,998,759		413 95,812 33,172 -
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 2,394,875		2,544,875	 2,415,478		129,397
REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	150,000		70,000	202,662		132,662
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out	 (150,000)		(220,000)	 (150,000)		70,000
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES OVER REVENUE AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	-		(150,000)	52,662		202,662
FUND BALANCE, July 1, 2012	 -		150,000	 5,826,199		5,676,199
FUND BALANCE, June 30, 2013	\$ -	\$		\$ 5,878,861	\$	5,878,861

RECONCILIATION OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES TO CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Revenues	E	xpenditures	С	Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures
BUDGETARY BASIS REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES:					
General Operating Fund Bonded Debt Fund Facilities Maintenance Fund Construction Fund	\$ 2,892,693 793,076 58 1,119,558	\$	5,552,959 917,523 51,060 5,307,937	\$	(2,660,266) (124,447) (51,002) (4,188,379)
NOAA Lease Revenue Fund TOTAL	\$ 2,618,140 7,423,525	\$	2,415,478 14,244,957		202,662 (6,821,432)
ADD (DEDUCT) ITEMS TO RECONCILE TO AN ENTERPRISE FUND REPORTING BASIS:					
Capital outlay expenditures capitalized Contributed capital					5,429,651 1,015,531
Depreciation expense					(2,170,102)
Interest expense capitalized, net					712,311
Payment of bonded debt and loan principal Amortization of bond discount and issue costs					3,866,748 (60,440)
Change in accrued interest					(00,440) 5,903
Loss on sale of asset Other					(2,448) (3,442)
CHANGES IN NET POSITION - GAAP				\$	1,972,280

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAX TRANSACTIONS

Tax Year	Receivable July 1, 2012	Ex	Levy as ktended by Assessor		iscounts/ justments	C	ollections	eceivable une 30, 2013
2012-2013 2011-2012 2010-2011 2009-2010 2008-2009 and prior	\$ - 29,573 24,980 15,145 4,978 2,020		906,749 - - - - -	\$	(28,645) (91) (79) (87) (80) (219)	\$	(840,834) (14,410) (9,642) (9,328) (4,229) (195)	\$ 37,270 15,072 15,259 5,730 669 1,606
	\$ 76,696	\$	906,749	\$	(29,201)	\$	(878,638)	\$ 75,606
	Tax collec Interest ar	tions, ab id other	taxes	enue:		\$	878,638 6,806	
	Receivable		, 2012				885,444 (76,696)	
	Receivable Property ta					\$	75,606 884,354	
	Allocated a General Bonded I	Operatin	g Fund			\$	91,927 792,427	
						\$	884,354	

COMPLIANCE SECTION



December 16, 2013

Board of Commissioners Port of Newport Newport, Oregon

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Port of Newport, Oregon (the Port), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and have issued our report thereon dated December 16, 2013. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

COMPLIANCE

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Port's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed the procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures, which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295).
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT <u>REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS (Continued)</u> Page 2

COMPLIANCE (Continued)

In connection with our testing, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the Port was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, except as noted below:

 The Port exceeded appropriations authority as follows: Construction Fund Capital Outlay \$29,085

OAR 162-10-230 INTERNAL CONTROL

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Port's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Port's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Port's internal control over financial control over financial reporting.

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This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Commissioners, management and the Oregon Secretary of State Audits Division, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

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Certified Public Accountants